agreed by all lawyers Signed by Judge Hancock

Original Filed With Clerk On 12-30-2013

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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ISLAND

ROBERT WILBUR and DUSTIN FREDERICK.

Plaintiffs,

VS.

ADMIRAL'S COVE BEACH CLUB, a Washington non-profit corporation; SALLS. MARIA JEAN and CHAMBERLAIN, KAREN SHAAK. ROBERT PEETZ, ELSA PALMER, ED DELAHANTY AND DAN JONES. individuals,

Defendants.

13-2-00741-4 NO.

FINDINGS OF FACT, **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW &** ORDER:

- 1. GRANTING TEMPORARY INJUNCTION &
- 2. DENYING MOTION FOR CONTEMPT

THIS MATTER came before the court upon the motion of the plaintiffs; the plaintiffs appearing through counsel, Christon C. Skinner; and the defendants, Elsa Palmer and Ed Delahanty appearing through their attorney, Marilee C. Erickson; and the defendants Admiral's Cove Beach Club, Jean Salls, Maria Chamberlain, Karen Shaak, Robert Peetz and Dan Jones appearing through their attorney, Vasu Addanki; and the court having considered the plaintiffs' original motion for entry of temporary restraining order and order to show cause and supporting documents, including declarations from Robert Wilbur, Dustin Frederick and Gwyn Staton; the response submitted by the defendants, including the declaration of Karen Shaak; and the reply declarations submitted by Dustin Frederick and Robert Wilbur, and Dustin Frederick on behalf of plaintiff; and court having determined that the plaintiffs are entitled

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on the merits for some or

 irreparable injury and financial loss may occur to the plaintiffs if this order is not entered; and that no other plain, adequate or speedy remedy at law is available to the plaintiffs; and, based on the evidence presented at the hearing, the Court makes the following Findings of Facts of the court of t

- 1. Admiral's Cove Beach Club ("ACBC") was formed on June 2, 1969. ACBC is an association that was formed for the principal purpose of providing and operating recreational facilities for the benefit of its members and to procure, maintain, operate and protect the recreational and associated safety concerns of the members of the community of Admiral's Cove, subject to the approval of the members of the Club. This purpose is found in Article II of the ACBC Bylaws.
- 2. The Plat of Admiral's Cove, Divisions 1 through 7, is located in Island County, Washington.
- 3. The owners of parcels of property within this plat are entitled, by virtue of that ownership, to an "Active" membership in the non-profit corporation known as Admiral's Cove Beach Club.
- 4. The original grant of deed for each parcel of property within the Admiral's Cove Plat conveyed both the real estate and,

"one family membership in Admiral's Cove Beach Club, Inc. (sic), a Washington nonprofit corporation, which will own and maintain certain beach rights, recreational areas, swimming pool and other tracts, as shown on plat of Admirals Cove....

- 5. AGBC is not a Homeowner's Association because it permits non-owners to be members of the corporation pursuant to an "Associate Membership."
- 6. The primary recreational asset owned by ACBC is an Olympic sized swimming pool and locker room/lavatory located on property owned by ACBC.

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- 7. ACBC is governed by a board of directors who are elected by and serve at the pleasure of the membership.
- 8. Defendants Salls, Chamberlain, Shaak, Peetz, Palmer, Delahanty and Jones are the current members of the board (the "Board").
- 9. The swimming pool and associated lavatory/locker facility is in need of maintenance, repair or renovation, the extent, timing and funding options of which have not yet been fully developed
- 10. At an annual meeting of the members of ACBC, a motion was made and unanimously approved by the membership that required the board of directors to meet and confer with the "Pool Operations and Maintenance" and "Long Range Planning" committees to investigate various funding alternatives for paying the costs of renovating and/or repairing the swimming pool. In addition, the members directed the board to work with these committee members to develop a ballot to be submitted to the members for the purpose of voting on a special membership assessment.
- 11. On October 27, 2012, the membership of the beach club held its annual meeting. At that time, the membership passed a motion which is part of the record in this case. The motion provided that the committees of the beach club were to identify and evaluate various options relating to the pool's future, including but not limited to needed equipment, a permanent pool cover, and repairs to the pool and its building, foundation, plumbing, and electrical system and to recommend the best cost and timing options. The motion further stated that a basic and simple plan to identify projects for contractor bidding shall be developed to guide these efforts.
- 12. The plan approved by the members also recommendan implementation schedule for ADA compliance from both a financial and legal standpoint.
- 13. The motion that was approved also provided that the committees would investigate and develop payment options related to assessment costs and dues under task 1 and to select the approach that produces the best balance between recreational

benefits and costs to members. The assessment total was to be offset by the amount of donations accumulated for that purpose.

- 14. The approved motion also provided that, upon completion of tasks 1 and 2, the committees "shall submit the findings to the Board and subsequently work with the Board to develop an appropriate ballot." The approved motion also set forth the nature of these committees that would be formed for these purposes.
- 15. The motion approved by the members at the 2012 annual meeting had no provision or contingency related to the "decommissioning" of the swimming pool.
- 16. The Board of Directors of the beach club honored neither the letter nor the spirit of that motion of October 27, 2012. Instead, the Board prepared a ballot to be sent to the membership that gave the membership two choices and two choices only: (1) either refurbish, remodel, and update the pool at a cost of approximately \$650,000 or (2) remove the pool at a cost of approximately \$200,000. No further information was provided.
- 17. In view of the manner that the board presented the members with ballot choices, no member of ACBC could possibly make an informed decision on this ballot without knowing how the Board arrived at these figures, nor was there any information provided about various financing arrangements or any other information that would be necessary to give the membership an idea of the underpinnings of what they were voting upon.
- 18. The ballot was plainly inconsistent with the October 27, 2012, motion that was approved by the membership at its annual meeting.
- 19. The vote on the defective ballot was 166 to 153 in favor of the provision to remove the pool for the cost specified. The Board then approved a special assessment to raise the funds to remove the pool.
- 20. On September 11, 2013, this court entered an order restraining the board of directors from, among several things, taking any action to decommission or damage the swimming pool and from attempting to impose a levy or special assessment

related to the removal or decommissioning of the pool. The restraining order was continued by agreement on several occasions.

- 20. Based on the timing of the Board's actions, the assessments for funds to remove the pool were due to be paid on September 13, 2013, two days after the temporary restraining order was issued in this case.
- 21. The parties have stipulated on the record that the court may extend the provisions of the temporary restraining order that enjoin the defendants from taking any action to decommission or otherwise damage or remove the pool as provided in paragraph 1 of the temporary restraining order entered in this case on September 11, 2013.
- 22. The purpose and objective of the Admiral's Cove Beach Club in Article II of its bylaws is to provide and operate recreational facilities for the benefit of the members and to procure, maintain, operate and protect the recreational and associated safety concerns of the members of the community of Admiral's Cove, subject to the approval of the members of the Club.
- 23. The Bylaws of the association clearly presupposed the existence of the pool, and any action taken that would decommission the pool would be contrary to the Bylaws.
- 24. Any assessments or special assessments levied for the purpose of decommissioning the pool would be contrary to the Bylaws of ACBC and should be enjoined.
- 25. In addition to the express findings of fact set forth in paragraphs 1-24, above, the court incorporates by this reference, the transcript of the court's oral pronouncement which was placed on the record at the conclusion of the November 27, 2013 hearing on Plaintiffs' motion. The transcript is identified as Exhibit A.

Based on the above findings, the Court makes the following Conclusions of Law:

II. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The plaintiffs, as members of the association, have a clear legal right to the continued operation and maintenance of the pool, a well-grounded fear of the immediate invasion of that right based on the Board's decision to follow the unauthorized vote to decommission the pool and impose a special assessment to do so, and they would be actually and substantially injured if the Board was allowed to proceed with these actions.
- 2. The Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law in this connection either.
- 3. Unless the Defendants are enjoined from taking the action precluded by the terms of the temporary restraining order, the Plainitffs' right to relief will be substantially invaded or prejudiced.
- 4. The special assessment imposed by the defendant board of directors on or about August 13, 2013, was invalid for two reasons: First, it was contrary to the October 27, 2012 motion. Secondly, the Board has no authority under the Bylaws to decommission the pool, and, therefore, it did not have any authority to impose the special assessment for that purpose.
- 5. Since the special assessment was invalid, it necessarily follows that the members are not required to pay it.
- 6. Members of ACBC who have not paid the special assessment levied on August 13, 2013, remain members in good standing and are, therefore, entitled to vote at membership meetings and are eligible to serve as directors if they are otherwise in good standing as defined by the Bylaws of ACBC.
- 7. The Defendants, their agents and all persons acting on their behalf or together with them must be enjoined from the actions described in the temporary

restraining order if the Plaintiffs' rights are to be preserved until final hearing in this action.

8. The Defendants' rights in this action will not be adversely affected and the Defendants will not be substantially inconvenienced by issuance of a preliminary injunction enjoining the above described acts.

III. ORDER

The court having entered findings of fact and conclusions of law, and further finding that just cause exists for the entry of this order, now, therefore, it is

ORDERED that, pursuant to the parties' CR 2A stipulation placed in the record at the hearing held November 27, 2013, paragraph 1 of the Temporary Restraining Order entered on September 11, 2013, shall remain in full force and effect until further order of this court and the same shall NOT expire after fourteen days. The Defendants and their successors, are restrained from taking any action, including the employment of third parties, contractors or subcontractors, which action furthers or allows, in any manner, the demolition, decommissioning, filling, damaging, destroying, covering, inactivating, altering or otherwise rendering unusable, temporarily or otherwise, the swimming pool complex and all related facilities owned and operated by the Admiral Cove Beach Club and located within the Plat of Admiral's Cove, Island County, Washington. It is further

ORDERED, that the Plaintiffs' request for a Temporary Injunction relating to the other matters presented in Plaintiffs' motion is hereby GRANTED. The Defendants, and each of them, and their successors, are temporarily enjoined from engaging in any of the following activity pending final disposition of this case:

A. From imposing or levying or attempting to enforce or collect an assessment of any type against each or any lot within the plat of Admiral's Cove, the purpose of

which is to pay for any part of the costs of decommissioning, filling, damaging, inactivating, covering, demolishing or in any manner grading, removing, destroying or otherwise rendering unusable, the swimming pool and related facilities owned by the Admiral's Cove Beach Club.

- B. Failing to properly maintain the Admiral's Cove Beach Club swimming pool so that its condition deteriorates or worsens beyond conditions that existed on September 11, 2013. The term "properly maintain" shall include the usual and customary maintenance tasks previously undertaken by the Board of Directors in accordance with bylaws of ACBC and pursuant to usual practices, and any maintenance required by federal, state, or local law.
- C. From attempting to take any action that is contrary to or inconsistent with the express terms of a motion unanimously approved by the members of Admiral's Cove Beach Club at the October 27, 2012 annual meeting of the membership, unless that motion is repealed or modified by action properly taken in accordance with the Bylaws and not inconsistent with the court's findings and conclusions set forth in this order or the express terms of this temporary injunction.
- D. From failing to properly schedule annual membership meetings as required by the ACBC Bylaws. The Defendant Board of Directors shall immediately schedule an annual meeting of the members of the Admiral's Cove Beach Club which meeting shall be treated as the annual meeting for calendar year 2013. The meeting shall be scheduled in accordance with the Bylaws of ACBC and shall be set at a time no earlier than damary 18, 2014. At that meeting the new board will be seated. The election of new board members will have to be completed prior to the meeting in a process consistent with the Bylaws.
- E. From taking any action at or before this or any other regularly scheduled annual meeting of the members of Admiral's Cove Beach Club, which directly or indirectly attempts to or actually does:

- 4.1 deny or refuse to accept a nomination for Director of the ACBC
 Board of Directors, of any member of the corporation who is in good standing as
 defined by the Bylaws of the Admiral's Cove Beach Club;
- running for election to the ACBC Board of Directors at any meeting of the membership held for euch purpose unless the person is expressly precluded from doing so by the terms of the corporation's bylaws.
- 4.3 treats a member who has not paid the special assessment levied by the Board of Directors on August 13, 2013, as a member "not in good standing" or otherwise ineligible to hold office or vote at the annual meetings.
- 4.4 attempts to present a motion or propose any action at the membership meeting, the purpose of which is to obtain funding for or approval of any action resulting in the removal or decommissioning or failure to maintain the ACBC swimming pool. It is further

ORDERED, that, pursuant to CR 65(c), this order is conditioned on Plaintiff first providing security in the amount of \$100.00, for the payment of damages which may be incurred by a party found to be wrongfully restrained by this order. It is further

ORDERED that the Plaintiffs' motion to have the Defendant Board of Directors of ACBC held in contempt for failing to conduct the ACBC annual meeting within the time prescribed by the Bylaws is DENIED. The court is unable to find that the Defendants or any of them "intentionally" violated the terms of the Temporary Restraining Order. The Plaintiffs' request for an award of attorney's fees for having to bring this motion is also, therefore, DENIED.

Signed in open court this <u>30</u> day of December, 2013.

S/AIAN R HANCOCK

Presented By:

Law Office of Christon C. Skinner, P.S.

CHRISTON C. SKINNER/ #9515
Attorney for Plaintiffs

Approved as to form; copy received; Presentation waived:

Betts, Peterson & Mines, P.S.

Vasudev N. Addanki, WSBA #41055 Attorneys for Defendants Admiral's Cove Beach Club, Salls, Chamberlain,

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30 Palmer

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